

# Ordinary Differential Equations

## Exercise Sheet 4

**Exercise 1.** Study the phase space for the systems  $\vec{y}' = Ay$ , where

$$(i) \quad A = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 1 \\ 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix}, \quad (ii) \quad A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ -4 & -3 \end{bmatrix}, \quad (iii) \quad A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}.$$

**Exercise 2.** Consider the system  $\vec{y}' = Ay$ , where

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} -3 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Find the stable manifold, ie. the points  $\vec{y}(0)$  for which the corresponding trajectories tend to 0, as  $t \rightarrow +\infty$ .

**Exercise 3.** Consider the following system:

$$\begin{cases} y_1' = y_2 - y_1(1 - y_1^2 - y_2^2) \\ y_2' = -y_1 - y_2(1 - y_1^2 - y_2^2) \end{cases}$$

(i) Show that 0 is the only equilibrium point and find its type.

(ii) Show that the open unit disk  $D = \{y_1^2 + y_2^2 < 1\}$  is invariant under the system, ie. for  $(y_1(0), y_2(0)) \in D$  it holds  $(y_1(t), y_2(t)) \in D$  for all  $t > 0$ .

(iii) Show that all solutions with initial conditions in  $D$  converge to 0 exponentially, as  $t \rightarrow +\infty$ .

**Exercise 4.** Consider the system:

$$\begin{cases} y_1' = y_1^3 - y_1 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{n}} y_2^2 \\ y_2' = y_2(y_1^2 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{n}} y_1) \end{cases}$$

where  $n \geq 2$ .

(i) Find all equilibrium points and their type.

(ii) Show that trajectories with  $y_1^2(0) + y_2^2(0) < 1$  satisfy  $y_1^2(t) + y_2^2(t) < 1$  for all  $t > 0$  and that they tend to 0 exponentially, as  $t \rightarrow +\infty$ .

(iii) Show that trajectories with  $y_1^2(0) + y_2^2(0) = 1$  stay on the unit circle, ie.  $y_1^2(t) + y_2^2(t) = 1$  for all  $t > 0$  and study their convergence, as  $t \rightarrow +\infty$ .

**Exercise 5.** Show that all solutions to the equation

$$y'' + (y')^5 + y + y^4 = 0$$

tend to 0, as  $t \rightarrow +\infty$ .

**Exercise 6.** Write the equation

$$y'' + (1 - e^{-y^2})y = 0$$

as a first order system and draw its trajectories in phase space.

**Exercise 7.** Consider the system

$$\begin{cases} y_1' = f_1(y_1, y_2) \\ y_2' = f_2(y_1, y_2) \end{cases}$$

where  $f_1, f_2$  are continuous functions in  $\mathbb{R}^2$ . Assume there is  $k > 0$  such that  $y_1 f_1(y_1, y_2) + y_2 f_2(y_1, y_2) < 0$ , for all  $y_1^2 + y_2^2 > k$ . Then show that all solutions to the previous system are bounded for  $t \geq 0$ .